



# Padrões de desenvolvimento para aplicações Spring Batch

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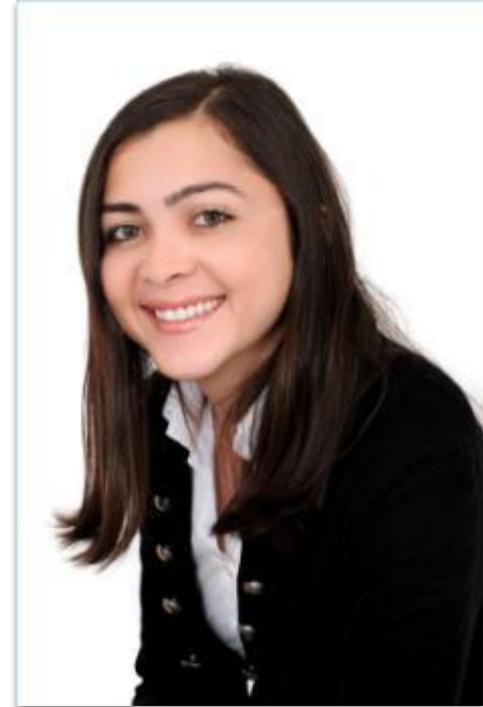
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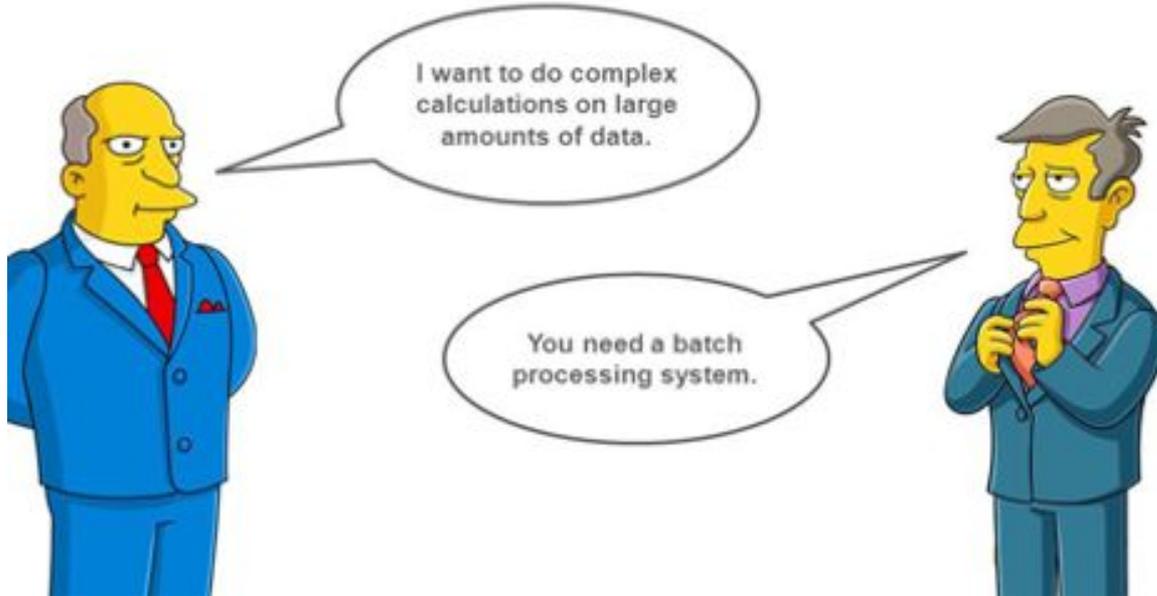
## Visão Geral

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- 2 Arquitetura do Spring Batch
- 3 Padrões e boas práticas

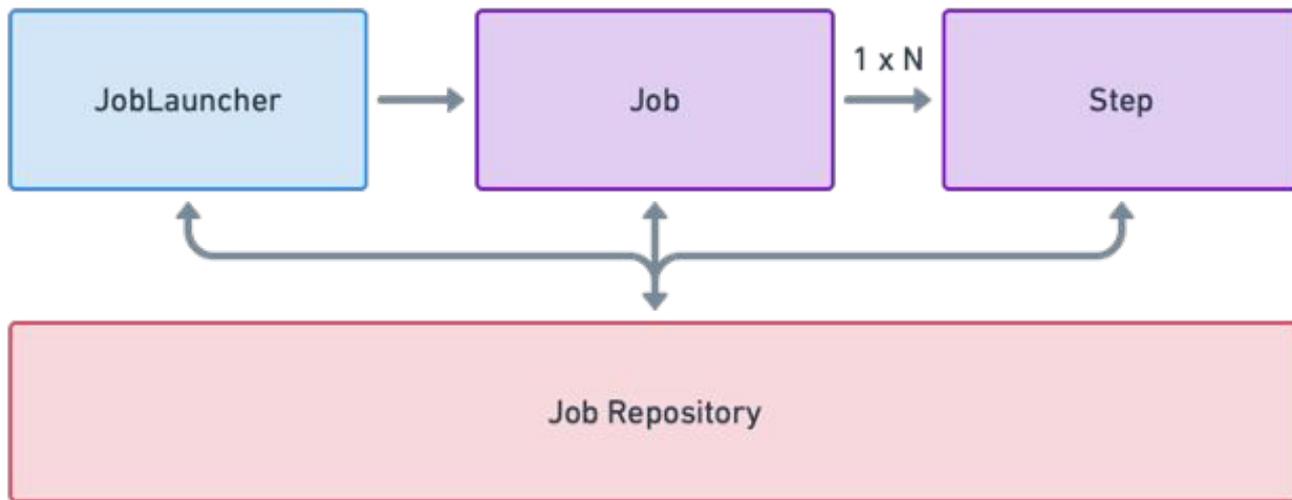




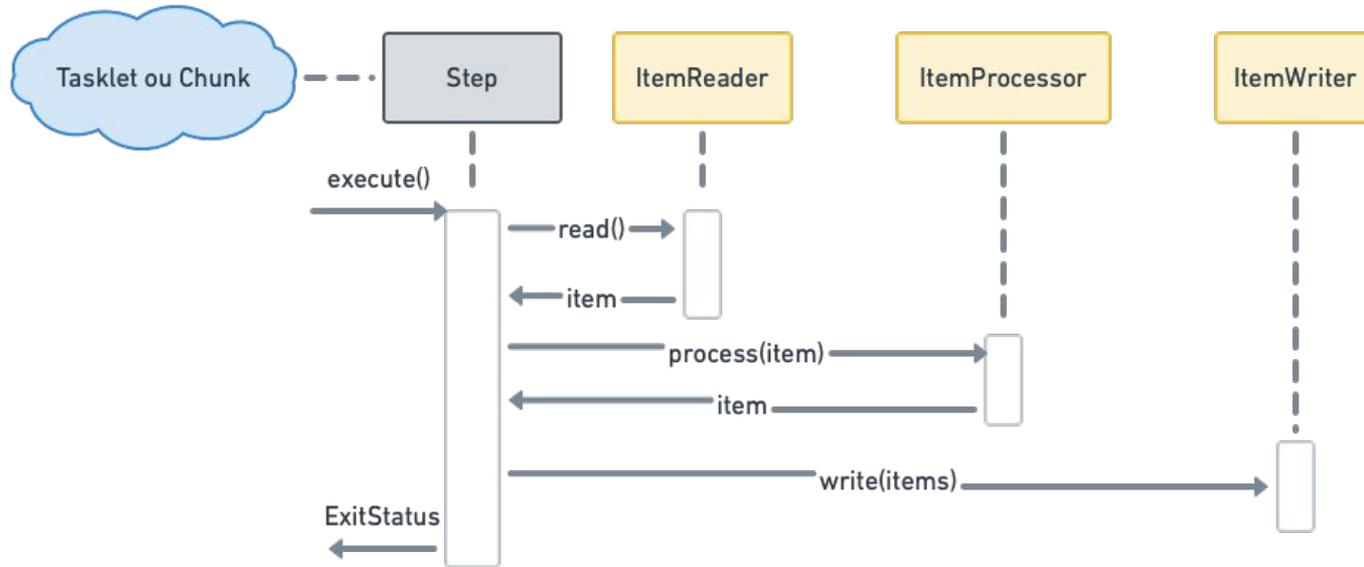
## O que é Spring Batch?



# Arquitetura do Spring Batch



# Arquitetura do Spring Batch



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## Padrões e boas práticas



Recomendações baseadas em  
experiência





# 1. Separação de Responsabilidades

```
@Configuration
@EnableBatchProcessing
public class PrimeiroJobSpringBatchConfig {
    @Autowired
    private JobBuilderFactory jobBuilderFactory;

    @Bean
    public Job imprime01aJob(Step imprime01aStep) {
        return jobBuilderFactory
            .get("imprime01aJob")
            .start(imprime01aStep)
            .build();
    }
}
```

```
@Configuration
public class Imprime01aStepConfig {
    @Autowired
    private StepBuilderFactory stepBuilderFactory;

    @Bean
    public Step imprime01aStep(Tasklet imprime01aTasklet) {
        return stepBuilderFactory
            .get("imprime01aStep")
            .tasklet(imprime01aTasklet)
            .build();
    }
}
```



## 2. Encapsulamento de lógicas em fluxos

```
@Bean
public Job job() {
    return this.jobBuilderFactory.get("faturaCartaoCredito")
        .start(consolidarTransacoes())
        .next(gerarFaturaCartaoCredito())
        .end()
        .build();
}
```

```
@Bean
public Flow consolidarTransacoes() {
    return new FlowBuilder<SimpleFlow>("consolidarTransacoes")
        .start(processarTransacoes())
        .next(gerarTransacoesFatura())
        .next(tratarErrosTransacoes())
        .build();
}
```



### 3. Salvar metadados no banco de dados

```
spring.datasource.jdbcUrl=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/spring_batch
spring.datasource.username=user
spring.datasource.password=123456
app.datasource.jdbcUrl=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/migracao_dados
app.datasource.username=user
app.datasource.password=123456
spring.batch.initialize-schema=always
```

```
@Configuration
public class DataSourceConfig {
    @Primary
    @Bean
    @ConfigurationProperties(prefix="spring.datasource")
    public DataSource springDataSource() {
        return DataSourceBuilder.create().build();
    }

    @Bean
    @ConfigurationProperties(prefix="app.datasource")
    public DataSource appDataSource() {
        return DataSourceBuilder.create().build();
    }
}
```

## 4.1. Minimizar uso de I/O

```
public class SavingItemWriter implements ItemWriter<Object> {
    private StepExecution stepExecution;

    public void write(List<? extends Object> items) throws Exception {
        // ...

        ExecutionContext stepContext = this.stepExecution.getExecutionContext();
        stepContext.put("someKey", someObject);
    }

    @BeforeStep
    public void saveStepExecution(StepExecution stepExecution) {
        this.stepExecution = stepExecution;
    }
}
```

```
public class RetrievingItemWriter implements ItemWriter<Object> {
    private Object someObject;

    public void write(List<? extends Object> items) throws Exception {
        // ...
    }

    @BeforeStep
    public void retrieveInterstepData(StepExecution stepExecution) {
        JobExecution jobExecution = stepExecution.getJobExecution();
        ExecutionContext jobContext = jobExecution.getExecutionContext();
        this.someObject = jobContext.get("someKey");
    }
}
```

## 4.2. Minimizar uso de I/O

```
@Bean
public JdbcCursorItemReader<CustomerCredit> itemReader() {
    return new JdbcCursorItemReaderBuilder<CustomerCredit>()
        .dataSource(this.dataSource)
        .name("creditReader")
        .sql("select ID, NAME, CREDIT from CUSTOMER")
        .rowMapper(new CustomerCreditRowMapper())
        .build();
}
```



ID	NAME	CREDIT
1	name1	credit1
2	name2	credit2
3	name3	credit3
4	name4	credit4



## 5. Ordenação de consultas

```
@Bean
public JdbcCursorItemReader<CustomerCredit> itemReader() {
    return new JdbcCursorItemReaderBuilder<CustomerCredit>()
        .dataSource(this.dataSource)
        .name("creditReader")
        .sql("select ID, NAME, CREDIT from CUSTOMER ORDER BY ID")
        .rowMapper(new CustomerCreditRowMapper())
        .build();
}
```

## 6. Uso correto de tasklets



```
@Override
public RepeatStatus execute(StepContribution contribution, ChunkContext
chunkContext) throws Exception {
    List<DataDTO> list = dbService.getData();
    List<Data> chunkData = new ArrayList<>();

    for(int i = 0; i < list.size(); i++) {
        if (i % 1000 == 0) {
            chunkData.add(new Data(list.get(i)));
            jdbcTemplate.batchUpdate(
                "UPDATE data SET column = ? WHERE id = ?",
                chunkData,
                1000,
                new ParameterizedPreparedStatementSetter<Data>() {
                    // Omitido por simplicidade
                }
            )
        } else {
            List<Data> chunkData = new ArrayList<>();
            chunkData.add(new Data(list.get(i)));
        }
    }
}
```

---

## 7. Uso de logs

```
public class ItemFailureLoggerListener extends ItemListenerSupport {  
    private static Log logger = LoggerFactory.getLog("item.error");  
  
    public void onError(Exception ex) {  
        logger.error("Encountered error on read", e);  
    }  
  
    public void onWriteError(Exception ex, List<? extends Object> items) {  
        logger.error("Encountered error on write", ex);  
    }  
}
```



## 8. Coleta de métricas

```
@Bean
public LoggingMeterRegistry loggingMeterRegistry() {
    return new LoggingMeterRegistry(new LoggingRegistryConfig() {
        @Override
        public Duration step() {
            return Duration.ofMinutes(20L);
        }
        @Override
        public String get(String key) {
            return null;
        }
    }, Clock.SYSTEM);
}
```

Metric Name	Type
spring.batch.job	TIMER
spring.batch.job.active	LONG_TASK_TIMER
spring.batch.step	TIMER
spring.batch.item.read	TIMER
spring.batch.item.process	TIMER
spring.batch.chunk.write	TIMER

## 9. Tolerância à falhas

```
@Bean
public Step step1() {
    return this.stepBuilderFactory.get("step1")
        .<String, String>chunk(10)
        .reader(itemReader())
        .writer(itemWriter())
        .startLimit(1)
        .allowStartIfComplete(true)
        .faultTolerant()
        .skipLimit(10)
        .skip(FlatFileParseException.class)
        .retryLimit(3)
        .retry(DeadlockLoserDataAccessException.class)
        .noRollback(ValidationException.class)
        .build();
}
```





## 10. Leitores compostos

```
@Configuration
public class CustomReader() {
    @Autowired
    private PageProcessor1 pageProcessor1;

    @Autowired
    private PageProcessor2 pageProcessor2;

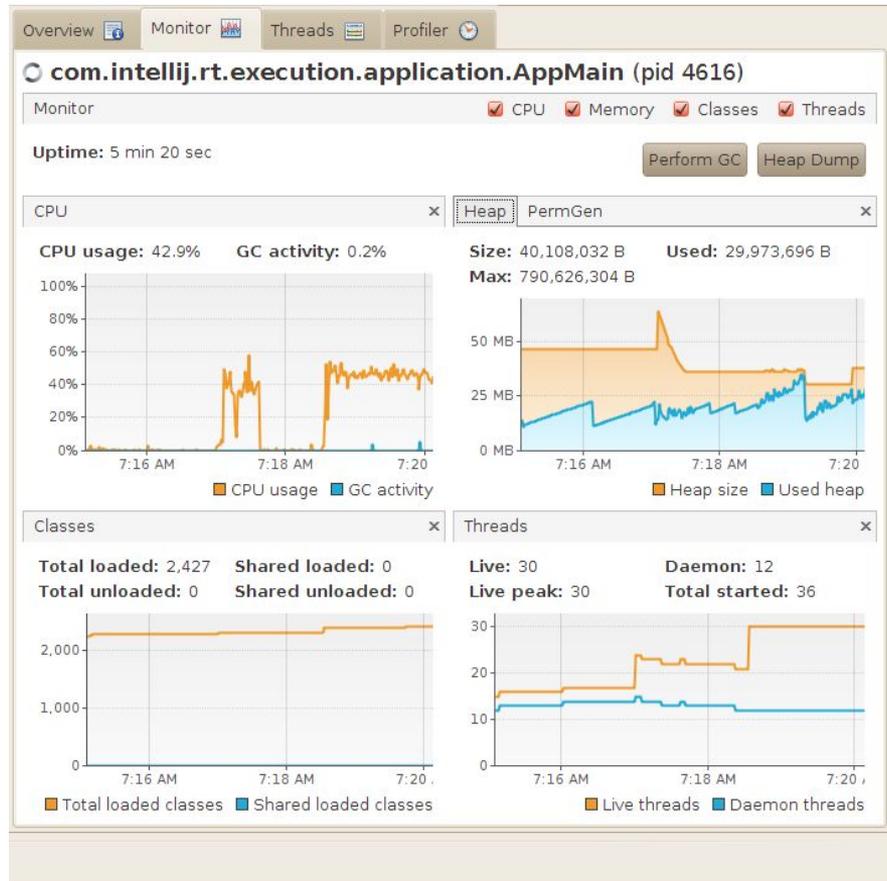
    @Bean
    public JdbcPagingItemReader<Data> reader() {
        CompositeJdbcPagingItemReader<Data> jdbcReader =
            new CompositeJdbcPagingItemReader<>();
        // Omitido por simplicidade
        jdbcReader.addPageProcessor(pageProcessor1);
        jdbcReader.addPageProcessor(pageProcessor2);
        return jdbcReader;
    }
}
```

```
public class PageProcessor1 implements PageProcessor<Data> {
    private NamedParameterJdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate;

    public void setDataSource(DataSource dataSource) {
        jdbcTemplate = new NamedParameterJdbcTemplate(dataSource);
    }

    @Override
    public void process(List<Data> page) {
        Map<Integer, List<String>> list = new HashMap<>();
        MapSqlParameterSource parameters = new MapSqlParameterSource();
        parameters.addValue("ids", page.stream().map(o ->
o.getId()).collect(Collectors.toList()));
        jdbcTemplate.query("select * from data_info where id in (:ids) order
by id",
            parameters,
            dataExtractor());
        page.stream().forEach(o -> o.setDataInfo(
list.get(o.getId()).stream().collect(Collectors.joining(", ")))));
    }
}
```

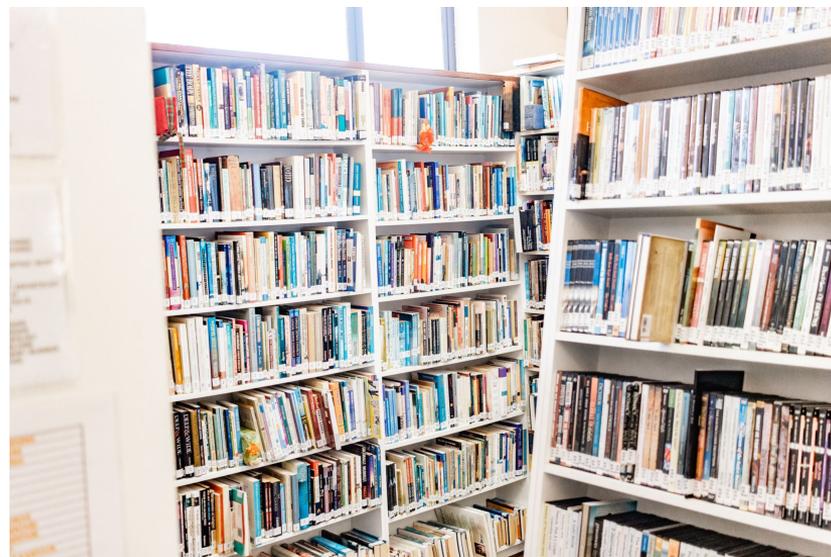
# 11. Profiling



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## Referências

- ❑ Documentação Oficial
- ❑ The Definitive Guide to Spring Batch - Michael Minella
- ❑ Cursos da Udemy
  - ❑ Curso para desenvolvimento de jobs com Spring Batch
  - ❑ Otimização de desempenho para jobs Spring Batch





# Obrigada!

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